6-13. File Retention

- a. GPC transaction documentation must be retained for six years in accordance with FAR 4.805. Billing officials are responsible for ensuring that record retention requirements are met. GPC transactions with foreign military sales (FMS) funding must follow the retention guidance in DoD FMR Volume 15, Chapter 6, and ensure the FMS documents are retained for 10 years from the date of final case closure.
- b. **Uploading Supporting Documentation**. CHs must upload all transaction supporting documentation in the bank's EAS. The uploaded documentation is the CH's official purchase file. If the complete file is uploaded in the EAS, CHs do not need to maintain a duplicate hardcopy or electronic file. For purchases that do not have uploaded documentation, the CH or BO must retain the corresponding hardcopy or electronic files for six years.
- c. **Corrective Action**. When documentation is not retained in accordance with the GPC file retention policy, A/OPCs must evaluate the CH/BO's record retention processes and develop corrective action plans with target completion dates to prevent recurrence.

d. Storage, Handling, and Contract files (FAR 4.805)

- 1) Procedures for the handling, storing, and disposing of contract files must be in accordance with the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) General Records Schedule 1.1, Financial Management and Reporting Records.
- 2) The Financial Management and Reporting Records can be found at http://www.archives.gov/records-mgmt/grs.html.
- 3) Procedures must consider documents held in all types of media, including microfilm and various electronic media.
- 4) The Army may change the original medium to facilitate storage if the requirements of the FAR 4.8, law, and other regulations are satisfied.
- 5) The process used to create and store records must record and reproduce the original document, including signatures and other written and graphic images completely, accurately, and clearly.
- 6) Data transfer, storage, and retrieval procedures must protect the original data from alteration. Unless law or other regulations require signed originals to be kept, they may be destroyed after the responsible agency official verifies that record copies on alternate media and copies reproduced from the record copy are accurate, complete, and clear representations of the originals.
- e. Original disbursing office records, along with CH supporting documents in electronic format, negate the need for the CH to store duplicate hardcopy documents.
- f. Electronic record storage requires adequate controls to ensure the digital images accurately represent the corresponding paper documentation and to detect changes to an original digital image. In addition, electronic storage must be in a centrally managed location that has an established backup process.

- g. See 6-2.g. for GPC transaction documentation and disbursing office records. For additional examples of documents classified as disbursing office records, see DoD FMR Volume 5, Chapter 15, 150803.
- h. Receipts are considered supporting documents for the certified billing statement. Original receipts are preferred; however, printed electronic forms or copies of an itemized receipt are acceptable. The receipt must be legible and indicate vendor's name and address, date of the purchase, and paid by credit card or zero amount due. Goods must be itemized/detailed with the item description, quantity, price, and extended price. The BO maintains these records electronically. The CH and BO may rely on the servicing bank's EAS for supporting documentation. Original records are considered Government property and may not be removed from Government control by the BO for any reason.
- i. **Appointment Letters**. Delegation of authority letters and GPC appointment letters, executed by both the appointer and the appointee, will be retained in PIEE/JAM for six years after the delegation has been terminated through personnel action such as the appointee's separation, retirement, or transfer.
- j. A/OPCs must retain any paper-based or email requests relating to new account issuance and maintenance for six years after the date of account issuance or update.
- k. Data residing in the bank's EAS is maintained by the bank for six years. Reports may be retrieved from the bank's EAS for the previous two years. Reports covering data for periods beyond the previous two years are available from the bank upon request.

Parent topic: CHAPTER 6 - OPERATIONAL GUIDANCE AND PROCEDURES